## United States Senate

WASHINGTON OC HER.

June 21, 2011

The Honorable Timothy Geithner Secretary Department of the Treasury 1500 Pennsylvania Ave NW Washington, DC 20220

The Honorable Shaun Donovan Secretary Department of Housing and Urban Development 451 7<sup>th</sup> Street, SW Washington, DC 20410

The Honorable Ben Bernanke Chairman Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System 20<sup>th</sup> and Constitution Ave, NW Washington, DC 20551

The Honorable Sheila Bair Chairman Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation 550 17<sup>th</sup> Street, NW Washington, DC 20429 The Honorable Mary Schapiro Chairman Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F. Street, NE Washington, DC 20549

Mr. John Walsh Acting Comptroller Office of the Comptroller of the Currency 250 E Street, SW Washington, DC 20219

Mr. Edward DeMarco Acting Director Federal Housing Finance Agency 1700 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20552

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are writing today to encourage your agencies to carefully evaluate the public comments you have received concerning the draft rulemaking required by section 941 of the Dodd-Frank Act. Specifically we have serious concerns regarding your overly proscriptive definition of what is a "Qualified Residential Mortgage" or QRM. A failure to get this exemption right could have serious consequences on the availability and costs of mortgage credit and the overall housing market. It could also prevent private investors from reentering the securitization market in any meaningful way. We respectfully suggest that you consider the public comments submitted during your extended comment period and then re-propose the rule prior to implementation later this year, keeping in mind the intent of Congress.

There is little doubt that poor mortgage underwriting was a significant cause of the financial crisis. In far too many instances, originators ignored the basic principles of

has affected our housing finance system in a dramatic way and it will be quite some time before we see a full recovery. While we are committed to ensuring that the government not allow the mistakes of the past to continue, we believe there is a real possibility that the reforms contemplated by this current rulemaking could do more harm than good. The most serious reform contemplated by your proposal is the 20% downpayment requirement, without any consideration for credit enhancement. Research indicates that while the level of downpayment is one factor, it may not be the most significant predictor of loan performance.

We would encourage you to consider the rulemaking required under section 941 in the larger context of comprehensive housing finance reform. Market discipline, regulatory guidance, and prudent underwriting standards could do much to protect consumers and investors alike. It is imperative that an appropriate balance is struck between the need for strong underwriting standards and the need to revive a robust, private securitization market. Unfortunately, the rule as currently drafted, could place many creditworthy borrowers out of the market and further stagnate our already struggling housing market.

Thank you for your consideration of our views on this issue.

Sincerely,

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