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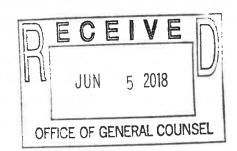
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June 8, 2018

Alfred M. Pollard, General Counsel Attention: Comments/RIN 2590-AA83 Federal Housing Finance Agency 400 Seventh Street, SW, Eighth Floor Washington, D.C. 20219



Re: Notice of Proposed Rulemaking and Request for Comments – RIN 2590-AA83 – Affordable Housing Program Amendments

Dear Mr. Pollard,

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on your recent release of proposed rulemaking regarding the Affordable Housing Program ("AHP") of the Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLBanks). I am presently the Chief Executive Officer of Rebuilding Together Pittsburgh (RTP). RTP provides critical home repairs to low-income homeowners as part of larger community revitalization strategies in many Pittsburgh Neighborhoods. We have received several AHP awards that are transforming the lives of the homeowners we serve and the neighborhoods they live in.

Support from the AHP program allows us to server homeowners with large rehabilitation needs in neighborhoods where real estate markets are starting to improve after years of decline or stagnation. These investments are of immediate benefit to the health and safety of the homeowners we serve and also greatly increase the likelihood that the value of their homes will grow as their neighborhoods improve.

We are concerned with the outcomes framework as proposed in the AHP regulation amendments. The outcomes-based framework prioritizes the Federal Housing Finance Agency's (FHFA's) overall housing goals. The unintended consequence of this approach is that the proposed outcomes establish preferences for certain project types, lessen AHP's connection to and support for community development, and make AHP less transparent.

As a project sponsor, we manage multiple layers of capital and operating financing that take years to assemble. We must blend AHP into other sources of corporate, philanthropic and government support. This makes it imperative for funding to be as streamlined, transparent, and operationally efficient as possible. The outcomes framework as proposed in the amendments introduces a complex award structure that makes the AHP process unclear and ultimately a less-viable funding resource. A scoring-based system, which has worked well for 28 years, is strongly preferred over an outcomes-based framework and will allow FHLBanks to encourage all project types to apply, connect AHP to community development strategies and maintain program transparency.

We also have the following concerns about the proposed amendments:

- The proposed amendments change the threshold amount needed for projects to qualify
  as serving targeted populations from 20 percent to 50 percent. This new threshold is not
  compatible with other funders and does not recognize the benefit of a mixed-occupancy
  development, which allows developers to cross-subsidize units in a project. We
  recommend retaining the current 20-percent threshold amount.
- 2. Under the proposed amendments, AHP project modifications may be delayed, and AHP sponsors unduly burdened, due to a new "cure-first" requirement. We recommend that the proposed cure-first requirement be eliminated and the FHLBanks retain their current practice of verifying that any modified project would still have scored high enough in the funding round to receive the AHP award had the sponsor applied for AHP funding with the modifications in place.
- 3. The proposed amendments require FHLBanks to evaluate the ability of the sponsor and all members of the development team to perform the responsibilities committed to in the application. The entire development team may not be in place at the time of AHP application, making it impossible to assess total capacity. We recommend retaining the FHLBanks' current practice of reviewing the prior experience of the development team.
- 4. The proposed amendments eliminate the five-year retention requirement for homeownership projects. Although this is a beneficial change in most instances, it introduces a risk of misuse in certain situations when the AHP per-unit amount is relatively high that FHLBanks need to have the flexibility to address. We recommend allowing FHLBanks the discretion to impose a retention requirement.
- 5. The "need for subsidy" and "project costs" sections of the proposed amendments do not specifically allow for the maximization of coordination with other funding sources. Requiring an FHLBank to independently underwrite a project's need for subsidy and viability is unnecessary and increases the burden on sponsors in cases where other funding sources have already underwritten the project. We recommend allowing FHLBanks to rely on the underwriting of other funders with comparable standards in



terms of cost reasonableness, viability of operations, development team capacity and need for subsidy.

We commend FHFA for working to update the AHP regulation. However, given the concerns above, we respectfully ask that you reconsider parts of the proposed amendments, especially the required outcomes framework. Thank you for hearing our ideas on this very important subject. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (412) 247-2700 or sburris@rtpittsburgh.org.

Sincerely,

Steve Hellner Burris Chief Executive Officer

