

Privacy Impact Assessment Template

AHP CIP/CICA SYSTEM (AHP) (SYSTEM NAME)

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Guidance for Completing the Privacy Impact Assessment

A Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is an analysis of how Personally Identifiable Information (PII) is collected, stored, maintained, and shared. A PIA must be completed when FHFA: 1) develops or procures an IT System or project that collects, maintains, or disseminates PII from or about members of the public; or 2) initiates a new electronic collection of PII for 10 or more members of the public. System Owners are primarily responsible for completing the PIA with assistance from IT developers, IT security officers, and the Privacy Office.

OVERVIEW SECTION

- Provide a thorough, complete, and clear overview of the System and give the reader the appropriate context to understand the responses. Some questions to consider include:
 - What is the purpose of the System?
 - What will be the primary uses of the System?
 - How will this support the Division's/Office's/Program's mission?
- This section fulfills the E-Government Act's requirement for an introduction to members of the public who may be reading the PIA. PIAs may be made publicly available unless a determination is made to not make the PIA available because publication would raise security concerns and/or reveal classified or sensitive information.

SECTION 1.0 CHARACTERIZATION OF THE INFORMATION

- Identify if the System contains information about individuals, versus statistical, geographical, or financial information, with no link to a name or other identifier, such as, home address, social security number, account number, home, mobile or facsimile telephone number, or personal e-mail address.
- Examples of sources of the information include information that comes from an individual applying for a loan or mortgage, or other forms that an individual completes. A question to consider:
 - Where does the data originate? (e.g., FHFA, Office of Personnel Management, Regulated Entities, other Financial Institutions, or third parties). A third party is usually a non-Federal person or entity, which may be a source of data/information (e.g., a bank, an internet service provider, or a private organization).
- If the System collects information from 10 or more members of the public, ensure that FHFA has received prior approval from OMB to do so or determine whether OMB's approval is needed to collect the information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act. If you are unsure of this last requirement, contact the Office of General Counsel for assistance.

SECTION 2.0 USES OF THE INFORMATION

- Identify the primary uses of the information and how the information supports FHFA's or the Office's/Division's/Program's mission.
- Identify the controls that are in place to ensure the information will be used for the manner for which it was collected. For example, access to the information will be restricted to a limited number of staff who use the data for their specific program use.

SECTION 3.0 RETENTION

- The Privacy Act requires an agency to address the retention and disposal of information about individuals. This retention information is published in the Privacy Act System of Record Notice (SORN).
- The retention periods for data/records that FHFA manages are contained in either the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) General Records Schedule(GRS) or FHFA's Records Schedule. For the data being created/maintained in the System, these records schedules are the authoritative sources for this information. For assistance, contact FHFA's Records Management Office.
- Disposing of the data at the end of the retention period is the last state of life-cycle management. Records subject to the Privacy Act have special disposal procedures (e.g. shredding of paper documents).

SECTION 4.0 NOTICE, ACCESS, REDRESS AND CORRECTION

- The Privacy Act requires that "each agency that maintains a System of records shall maintain in its records only such information about an individual as is relevant and necessary to accomplish a purpose of the agency required to be accomplished by statute or by executive order of the President." 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(1).
- Data can be retrieved in a number of ways, but there is usually a personal identifier associated with a record. If the System retrieves information by an individual's name or other unique identifier (e.g. social security number) it is a Privacy Act System and willneed a SORN published in the Federal Register. The System may already have a Privacy Act SORN. If you do not have a published SORN, or are unsure whether one exists, contact FHFA's Privacy Office.
- If a name or other unique identifier is not used to retrieve information, it is possible that the System is not a Privacy Act System. However, even though information may not fall under the Privacy Act's protection and requirements, certain information may still be protected from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.
- The agency has developed and published an agency specific Privacy Act Rule in the Federal Register (12 CFR Part 1204) that explains how individuals can gain access to information about themselves and correct errors, if appropriate.
- Any employee who knowingly and willfully maintains a System of Records without meeting the Privacy Act notice requirements (5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)) is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be fined up to \$5,000.

SECTION 5.0 SHARING AND DISCLOSURE

- If you do not know whether or not Systems share data, contact either the business owner of the data, or the IT specialist who knows what interfaces exist between the Systems/applications. As an example, if your System/application shares data with another System/application, ask yourself whether you have access to the data in the interfaced System/application. If so, then your answer is yes and an explanation is needed.
- Also consider "other" users who may not be obvious as those listed, such as GAO, or FHFA's Office of Inspector General. "Other" may also include database administrators or

- IT Security Officers. Also include organizations listed in the Privacy Act SORN under the "Routine Use" section when a Privacy Act SORN is required. The more comprehensive the list, the better it is.
- You must first review the SORN to determine whether any information that may come from an existing SORN allows that information to be exchanged and used for these new purposes or uses. There are restrictions on the use and disclosure of information that are set forth in a SORN.

SECTION 6.0 ACCESS AND SECURITY

- Access to data by a user (i.e. employee or contractor personnel) within FHFA is determined on a "need-to-know" basis. This means to authorized employees or contractor personnel who have a need for the information to perform their duties may be granted access to the information. Factors to consider in making this determination include the user's job requirements including supervisory responsibilities.
- The criteria, procedures, controls and responsibilities regarding access must be documented in order to comply with the intent of the Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 for standards and guidelines on security and privacy.
- The System owner is responsible for ensuring that access to information and data is restricted to authorized personnel. Usually, a user is only given access to certain information that is needed to perform an official function. Care should be given to avoid "open Systems" where all information can be viewed by all users. System administrators may be afforded greater access i.e. to all of the data depending upon the System and/or application. However, restrict access when users do not need to have access to all the data.
- When a contract provides for the operation of a System on behalf of FHFA, the Privacy Act requirements must be applied to such a System. Contact the Contracting Officer or Contracting Officer's Representative to determine whether the contract contains the Privacy Act clause and the requirements thereunder.
- The Security Assessment and Authorization (SA&A) process requires a System security plan that identifies the technical controls associated with identification and authentication of users. Certain laws and regulations require monitoring of Systems to ensure that only authorized users can access the System for authorized reasons. In doing so, consider what controls are in place to ensure that only those authorized to monitor the System can in fact monitor use of the System. For example, business rules, internal instructions, and posting Privacy Warning Notices address access controls and violations for unauthorized monitoring. System Owners are responsible for ensuring that no unauthorized monitoring is occurring.
- The IT Security Plan describes the practice of applying logical access controls. Logical access controls are System-based means by which the ability to access a System is either explicitly enabled or restricted. System Owners are responsible for ensuring that no unauthorized access is occurring.
- The IT Security Plan describes the practice of audit trails. An audit trail maintains a record of System activity and user activity including invalid logon attempts, access to data and monitoring. The SA&A process requires a System security plan outlining the implementation of the technical controls associated with identification and authentication.
- Every System/application/process that uses data must have controls in place to prevent the misuse of the data by those having access to the data. For instance, in computerized

- Systems, the Security Information Record (SIR) is part of the Core Storage Terminal Table. The SIR is the automated tool that identifies and authenticates an individual for the System and is transparent to the user.
- All employees, including contractors, have requirements for protecting information in Privacy Act Systems. Describe the controls in place, including any privacy and security awareness controls such as training materials, to protect the information.

PIA FORM

Overview

Provide an overview of the System and address the following:

- The System name and the division/office that owns the System;
- The purpose of the program, System, or technology and how it relates to the agency's mission; and
- A general description of the information in the System.

System Owner(s)			
Name E-mail Division/Office Office Phone Number			
Dee Reeb	dee.reeb@fhfa.gov	DBR/OSTA	202-649-3491
Josh Perkins	Joshua.perkins@fhfa.gov	DBR/OSTA	202-649-3489

System Overview: Briefly describe the purpose of the program, System, or technology, and the information in the System, and how it relates to the agency's mission.

The Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLBanks) administer three housing and community economic development programs: The Affordable Housing Program (AHP), the Community Investment Cash Advance (CICA) program, and the Community Investment Program (CIP. Using these programs, the FHLBanks expand homeownership and rental opportunities for low or moderate-income households and provide financing for community and economic development projects.

Each FHLBank is required to collect and report data related to the AHP and other CICA programs to the FHFA. Affordable housing data include funding commitments and disbursements, and key housing production and household beneficiary characteristics. Economic development and community investment projects data include funding commitments, project type and project beneficiary characteristics.

The information is collected from the FHLBanks; reviewed, stored, and used by the FHFA; and available in raw form to the FHLBanks via a system download. All FHLBanks are permitted to download information from any FHLBank; however, the AHP Competitive Application Program project address information is removed.

The information is collected to monitor the effectiveness and efficiency of the affordable housing and community investment programs as required by regulation.

Section 1.0 Characterization of the Information

The following questions define the scope of the information requested and/or collected as well as reasons for its collection as part of the program, System, or technology being developed. The questions address all information collected, with more emphasis provided on the collection of PII, such as name, address, social security number, date of birth, financial information, etc.

#	Question	Response
		AHP/CICA system does not collect PII information such as person's name, person's address, social security number, date of birth, account number, etc.
1.1	What information is being collected, used, disseminated, or maintained in the System?	FHLBanks does report the address of the housing project. The address information reported can be for various projects including single family or multi-family project and can be in varying detail (e.g. street address, zip code only, city only, etc.). However, the FHLBanks do not report the address of individual households to FHFA.
1.2	What or who are the sources of the information in the System?	FHLBanks are the sources of the collected and reported information as required by the DRM regulation.
1.3	For what purpose is the information being collected, used, disseminated, or maintained?	To comply with the Federal Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. § 1430(i) and (j)), AHP Regulation 12 C.F.R. part 1291 and CICA Regulation 12 C.F.R. part 1292.
1.4	How is the information provided to FHFA?	FHLBanks collect data and submit to FHFA via a web-based application by file uploads.
1.5	Given the amount and type of information collected, what are the risks to an individual's privacy that are associated with collection of the data? Explain in detail how the loss, or compromise of the information will/can affect an individual's privacy.	Although the AHP/CICA database system does not contain PII information, the address of the AHP project could potentially be linked to an individual by using address information in the system. However, FHFA removes the AHP competitive application program project address information prior to the FHLBanks' review and use of the data.

#	Question	Response
1.6	Are Social Security numbers are being collected or used in the system?	No.
1.7	If SSNs are collected or used in the system, 1) describe in detail the business justification for collecting or using SSNs; 2) the consequences if SSNs are not collected or used, and 3) how the SSNs will be protected while in use, in transit and in storage.	N/A

Section 2.0 Uses of the Information

The following questions delineate the use of information and the accuracy of the data being used.

#	Question	Response
2.1	How will the information be used and for what purpose?	DBR has established four primary uses of the AHP, CIP, and CICA programs data: 1) To measure the FHLBanks AHP, CIP, and CICA performance and results; 2) To determine the FHLBanks' compliance with the AHP, CIP, and CICA programs statutes and regulations; 3) To use for policy guidance, development and decision-making; and 4) To fulfill reporting requirements to the FHFA, Administration, Congress and external stakeholders.
2.2	Describe any types of controls or safeguards in place to ensure that information is only used in the manner for which it was collected.	The FHLBanks are required to complete an access control form that is reviewed and approved by the FHFA prior to granting system access to FHLBank users. Only approved and authorized users are permitted to access the AHP/CICA System.

Section 3.0 Retention

The following questions outline how long information will be retained after the initial collection.

#	Question	Response
3.1	How long is the information retained?	N/A
3.2	Has a retention schedule been approved by FHFA's Records Management Office and NARA? If yes, provide the corresponding GRS or FHFA specific Records Schedule number.	N/A
3.3	Discuss the risks associated with the length of time data is retained and how those risks are mitigated.	N/A

Section 4.0 Notice, Access, Redress and Correction

The following questions are directed at notice to the individual, the individual's right to consent to uses of the information, the individual's right to decline to provide information, and an individual's ability to ensure the accuracy of the information collected about them.

#	Question	Response
4.1	Has a System of Record Notice (SORN) been created? If so, provide the SORN name and number. If one has not, and one is required, provide the name of the SORN and the expected publication date in the Federal Register.	N/A
4.2	Was notice provided to the individual prior to collection of information? If so, what type of notice was provided?	N/A
4.3	Do individuals have the opportunity and/or right to decline to provide information? What are the consequences if an individual declines to provide the information?	N/A
4.4	What are the procedures that allow individuals to gain access to their information?	N/A

	#	Question	Response
4	4.5	What are the procedures for correcting inaccurate or erroneous information?	N/A

Section 5.0 Sharing and Disclosure

The following questions define the content, scope, and authority for information sharing.

#	Question	Response
5.1	With which internal organization(s) is the information shared? What information is shared and for what purpose?	N/A
5.2	With which external organization(s) is the information shared? What information is shared, and for what purpose? External organization(s) include Federal, state and local government, and the private sector.	N/A
5.3	Is the sharing of PII outside the agency compatible with the original information collection? If so, is it covered by an appropriate routine use in a SORN? Describe such use. If not, describe the legal authority that permits PII to be shared outside of FHFA.	N/A
5.4	Given the external sharing, explain the privacy risks to the individual and describe how those risks are mitigated.	N/A

Section 6.0 Technical Access and Security

The following questions describe technical safeguards and security measures.

#	Question	Response
6.1	What procedures are in place to determine which users may access the System? Are these procedures documented in writing?	Access is limited to FHLBank reporters and FHFA designated staff. The FHLBanks are required to complete an access control form that is reviewed and approved by the FHFA prior to granting system access. Only approved and authorized users are permitted to access the AHP System. Access procedures are located at

#	Question	Response
		https://extranet.fhfa.gov/ExtranetMain/ViewFile.aspx?File=26
6.2	Will non-FHFA personnel (e.g. contractor personnel, regulated entity personnel) have access to the System and information contained therein? If yes, how will they gain access to the System? How will the agency control their access and use of information? Are there procedures documented in writing?	Access is limited to FHLBank reporters and FHFA designated staff.
6.3	Describe the type and frequency of training that is provided to users either generally or specifically that is relevant to the program or System?	Users are provided an initial login walk through to ensure they can access the system. User Manuals and Guides are contained within the application.
6.4	Describe the technical/administrative safeguards in place to protect the data?	The AHP System resides on the Agency's General Support System (GSS) and has all the inherent security controls associated with this system, including strong password controls, etc. AHP is also included in the DBR External Reporting System boundary.
6.5	What auditing measures are in place to protect the data? Who reviews these measures and how frequently are they reviewed?	AuditCentral captures user logins, etc. Agency safeguards are in place to address intrusion, etc.
6.6	Has a SA&A been completed for the System or Systems supporting the program? If so, provide the date the last SA&A was completed. If not, and one is required, provided the expected completion date of the SA&A.	Yes, the most recent SA&A was completed on 9/30/2021.

#	Question	Response
6.7	Has an Authority to Operate (ATO) been issued for this System? If so, what date was it issued, and for how long was it issued? If not, when do you anticipate such ATO being issued?	The current ATO signed on 9/31/2021 covers this release.

Signatures:

REEB

DOROTHY

Digitally signed by DOROTHY REEB Date: 2021.11.18 13:34:50 -05'00'

System Owner Dorothy Reeb

Digitally signed by QINHUI ZHAO
Date: 2021.11.23
11:31:11-05'00'

System Developer Richard Zhao

TASHA COOPER Date: 2021.12.0913:01:23

Senior Agency Official for Privacy Tasha Cooper JOSHUA PERKINS Digitally signed by JOSHUA PERKINS Date: 2021.11.22 13:09:54 -05'00'

System Owner Joshua Perkins

RALPH MOSIOS Digitally signed by RALPH MOSIOS Date: 2021.11.23 17:06:42-05:00'
Chief Information Security Officer Ralph Mosios

Record of Revision

Version	Description	Date
Version 2.1	Updated cover sheet to include current SAOP and current logo.	March 26, 2021